

# Bismarck Tribune.

VOL. 2.

BISMARCK, D. T., WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 12, 1874.

NO. 5.

## The Bismarck Tribune.

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THE BISMARCK TRIBUNE CO.

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## TO SUBSCRIBERS.

Subscribers finding an **X** following their names will understand that the **X** term for which they have paid their subscriptions will expire with the next number, and unless the subscription is renewed the paper will be discontinued. This rule applies to all, and is adopted, not because we are afraid to trust our subscribers, but because it is found to be the plan most satisfactory to the general subscriber, and more convenient for us.

Postmasters are authorized to act as our agents, retaining a commission of 12½ per cent.—or 25 cents for each yearly subscription.

## NOTES AND NEWS.

Gold 7½.  
After Moulton Beecher.

Moulton was to speak on Monday.  
Gaynor withdrew his Tilton libel suit.

Minneapolis will try a Babcock fire engine.  
A grass-widowers' club is talked of in this city.

Matchless mind.—The kitchen girl out of lucifers.  
Tilton's parents do not believe Mrs. Tilton guilty.  
G. A. Hendricks has closed his hotel at Moorhead.

Bank of England rate of discount is four per cent.  
The *Dispatch* is in a terrible strait to hear from St. Paul.

Minnesota wheat buyers lost \$400,000 on July options.

North Carolina has gone democratic; so has Kentucky.

A Duluth newspaper man uses Webster's unabridged for a pillow.

The Duluth *Herald* has a libel suit, and is consequently happy.

The Stillwater *Gazette* has two libel suits on hand, and is not happy.

John Mitchell after an exile of twenty years has returned to Ireland.

A California man committed suicide because of the Beecher-Tilton scandal.

Church property valued at \$349,000,000 is exempt from taxation in New York.

Goldsmith Maid made 2,151 at the Buffalo race, no time before on record.

An extensive riot occurred at Mason, Tenn., growing out of the election last week.

Minneapolis has at last decided to invest both in a fire alarm telegraph and a steamer.

Linda J. Ollerenshaw, for short, has been appointed postmistress at Princeton Minn.

The Minnesota *Freeholder* goes for the fat on Gen. Averill's intentions in two languages.

Five hundred fire plugs were pulled the other day, and Baltimore is much cleaner than it was.

The Boston *Globe* wants Congress to declare Long Branch the summer capital of the U. S.

Not a word in Friday's papers relating to the Beecher scandal. Every body was disappointed.

N. K. Hubbard gave a grand opening ball at the Head-quarters Hotel in Fargo, Saturday night.

Large numbers of the Northwestern mounted police are deserting and arriving at points on the N. P.

D'Unger calls the *TRIBUNE* man and Gov. Davis grasshopper sensationalists. Please don't doctor.

The St. Paul *Press* talks of "King Imperial Northern Guards." They will prove invincibles.

Major Colvin, of Chicago, has ordered the pretty waiter girl saloons closed, revoking their licences.

Frank Walworth who murdered his father has been removed from the penitentiary to the Insane Asylum.

The *Amico Union* says the public square of that city is dirty as the children of a feminine reformer.

Bowen wants to say something, but dare not, he says he won't go to the grave without being heard.

Fred Douglas is indignant at the treatment received by Cadet Smith at the hands of the War Department.

A terrible storm passed over Meeker county Minn., last week destroying thousands of acres of golden grain.

Two stages were captured by the Indians in Texas, and the drivers and passengers scalped near Ft. Worth last week.

The Democratic majority in North Carolina is twenty thousand; out of eight congressmen elect seven are Democrats.

Thomas M. Pugh of Mankato is the new receiver of the Fargo land office vice Geo. F. Potter whose term has expired.

It seems all of the sore old sisters (sororities) were familiar with the Beecher scandal long before it was published by Woodfull.

Attorney General Clarke thinks Mike Hoy damaged him fifty thousand dollars, and will present his bill to Uncle Sam for payment.

Millions of army worms have made their appearance near Sacramento and are devouring everything before them—except the turkeys.

The steamer Pat Rogers was burned near Aurora last week, and twenty lives lost. The conduct of the crew was disgraceful in the extreme.

The Frank Moulton House at Vermillion will hereafter be known as the Sherburne House. What has that to do with the Beecher scandal?

Senator Pennington says there is not a man in the United States who could defeat Grant for a third term were the election to occur today.

The Winnebago Indians removed from Wisconsin to Nebraska a year ago, are returning disgruntled. They don't want any more Nebrascans in their tribe.

The editor of the Quincy *Whig* heading a tarantala story, "A dangerous bed-fellow," accidentally put the head over the statement of Mrs. Tilton.

It is too bad that the Mayor of Grass City, Kan., is dead, for the local paper says that "if he hadn't but one chew of tobacco, he'd divide it with a friend."

Indian rumors report Custer's command at Bear Butte on the evening of July 3rd. Bear Butte is 220 miles from Bismarck as shown by the latest maps.

Georgia's comet has disappeared, but another has been discovered by a French astronomer. Its position is reported in right ascension, 15 h. 48 m., and a polar distance 30°. It is moderately bright, and is moving toward the northwest.

## TELEGRAMS.

Reported Specially for the Bismarck Tribune.

## GENERAL NEWS.

### MARSHALL BAZAINE ESCAPED FROM CONFINEMENT.

Austin, Mississippi, Besieged by Armed Negroes.

### GREAT NUMBER OF NEGROES KILLED AND WOUNDED.

The Michigan Legislature on its Way to Bismarck.

The Edwards-Collyer Prize Fight Ends in a Draw—The Beecher-Tilton affair to end in Compromise—Prof. Taylor of St. Paul, Shot by a Burglar.

### MARSHALL BAZAINE.

PARIS Aug. 11.—Marshall Bazaine escaped from St. Marguerite Sunday night by rope ladders, and took a vessel for Italian ports. McMahon is greatly alarmed for the safety of his government.

## NEGRO WAR.

VICKSBURG, Aug. 11.—Austin Mississippi, is besieged by a thousand or more negroes. Two thousand negroes and whites are marching to the relief of the city. There was a fight yesterday in which a number of negroes were killed and wounded.

## HOW IT ORIGINATED.

The affair originated in Doctor Smith defending himself in a personal row, accidentally killing a little negro girl. Being released from jail after two weeks, on bail, the negroes threatened to burn the place unless Smith was again locked up. Smith is now at Memphis.

## LEGISLATIVE EXCURSION.

ST. PAUL, Aug. 11.—The Michigan Legislature and executive officers are on an excursion to Lake Superior and will probably come to Bismarck.

## BEECHER.

NEW YORK, Aug. 12.—It now looks as though the Beecher investigation would end in compromise and the suppression of further details.

## THE ESCAPE.

PARIS, Aug. 12.—Bazaine escaped by means of a knotted rope over a cliff from the bottom of which his wife rowed him to the waiting vessel which brought him to Italy.

## PRIZE FIGHT.

PITTSBURGH, Aug. 12.—The Edwards-Collyer prize fight below this city yesterday, ended on the 11th round, Collyer's seconds refused to go on. Several roughs broke into the ring, claiming that Edwards had stuff on his hands for blinding Collyer, who received the worst punishment.

## BURGLARIES.

ST. PAUL, Aug. 12.—Two burglaries occurred here last night on 4th street. Mr. Mann shot at his burglar, but he escaped. Prof. Taylor caught the other and was shot by him, the ball fracturing the skull. The burglar escaped.

## RIVER NEWS.

The River is falling rapidly. No little sparring is required, even between here and Buford, but the boats make regular and successful trips.

The Far West returned Saturday, and left again Sunday for Stevenson returning yesterday for a trip to Lincoln. She goes below on the return of the Josephine or Western.

The Josephine and Western are past due from Benton.

The Durfee instead of the Key West is on the way up from Yankton.

The Katy P. Kountz left for St. Louis and intervening points, Monday. The general Capt. Cox and associates will be missed. No better man on the river than he.

Such is fame. The Sioux City *Journal* says: "Yellowhammer," who is a white man, so far as color is concerned,

married an African damsel at Bismarck the other day, whereupon the "boys" tore him from the nuptial couch and gave him a ride on a rail.

Those who want a splendid Chromo Lithograph of Gen. Custer, and the Bismarck *TRIBUNE* one year for two dollars should enclose the amount, and address the *TRIBUNE*, Bismarck, D. T.

## GOLD!

### EXPEDITION HEARD FROM.

Custer at the Black Hills on the 2d inst.

### THE MOST BEAUTIFUL VALLEYS THE EYE OF MAN EVER RESTED UPON.

### Gold and Silver in Immense Quantities.

### NO FIGHTING WITH THE SIOUX.

Two Privates Lost—One by Disease—One by Accident.

### Custer's Official Report!

## CONFIRMED!!

### THE BLACK HILLS COUNTRY

### Gold Bearing Quartz Crops Out in Every Hill.

### FIFTY PIECES OF GOLD AS LARGE AS PIN HEADS FROM ONE PAN.

### FULL DETAILS RESERVED FOR FINAL REPORT.

A Band of Twenty-Seven Sioux Surrounded, but No Fight.

### The Chief Surrenders, and Goes with the Expedition as a Guide.

Special Dispatch to Bismarck Tribune.

ST. PAUL, Aug. 11, 1874.—Custer's report, now on file at Dakota Headquarters, closes at 10 a. m. on the 3d inst.

## LOCATION.

The Command was encamped on the South Fork of the Cheyenne mid-way between the Hot and Horse Head Creeks and was about to resume the march again toward Harney Peak, but by another route—a route not traveled by any other command.

## THE RETURN.

It is not anticipated that the command will reach Fort Lincoln before 31st inst.

## THE BLACK HILLS.

Country is described as most beautiful and richly productive of a large variety of vegetation, admirably adapted to agriculture, with a variety of useful timber on the hillsides, while the valleys are clear and ready for the plow. The streams are of pure cold water and judging by the vegetation, there is an abundance of rain fall through the whole region. The halts have been brief but scientists accompanying the expedition have been enabled to satisfy themselves of presence of

### GOLD, SILVER AND LEAD.

in paying quantities. Gold bearing quartz crops out from every hill, and the placer, or valley diggings, as far as tested promise well. An instance of recent occurrence is mentioned where

## FIFTY PIECES OF GOLD

averaging the size of a pin head were washed from one pan of dirt—full details of mineral discoveries are reserved for final report, which will be given with accompanying documents prepared by scientific gentlemen accompanying the expedition.

## INDIANS.

Only one party of Indians had been encountered, and that a band of twenty-seven, led by the chief One Stab. This band was tracked by the scouts and surrounded, when an attempt was made to engage them to remain with the expedition, and serve as guides. Four of them were persuaded to go to the camp

of the expedition, where they were given food and rations. As soon as they had received these, two managed to slip away unnoticed, and the other two also fled, but were overtaken by some of the scouts. One seized a gun of the scout and undertook to take it from him. In the struggle the scout was thrown from his horse, and the gun was discharged.

Orders had been not to harm the Indians, but to make them come back. From marks of blood found on the grass, it was thought that the Indian or his pony was wounded. One Stab was kept with the expedition, his band meantime having packed up and got away, and was to remain with us as guide for a

few days longer, when he would be permitted to rejoin his band, and would be paid for his services in rations.

One Stab is represented as belonging to both Redcloud and Spotted tail agencies, but as not having been at either for a long time. He is the one who was lately reported at those agencies to have been with most of his band killed by Custer's men. According to One Stab the Indians lost 10 men, killed 7, wounded in their several conflicts with the Bozeman expedition of last spring.

## Judge Kidder's Acceptance.

LONT, D. T., July 17, 1874.

HON. J. P. KIDDER, Vermillion, D. T.

SIR:—We have the honor to inform you that at the Territorial Republican Convention, held at Elk Point on the 16th day of July, 1874, you were nominated by the action of said convention as their Candidate for Delegate to Congress by a vote of 82 to 4.

Hoping that you may deem it consistent with your duty to accept a nomination so freely tendered, we have the honor to remain, very respectfully, your obedient servants.

E. B. CREW, Chairman.

## The Bismarck Tribune.

Bismarck, D. T., Aug. 12, 1874.

### BLACK HILLS.

How do you like it?  
Glorious, isn't it?  
Count me in for the Black Hills.  
There is no string on me; Black Hills  
or bust, say I.

Some one will surely organize a party.  
Col. Wilson's hotel will be in demand;  
there ain't bed room enough in this  
town to hold the people who will come,  
nor has Uncle Sam military enough to  
stop them from going.

It must be true; Knappen's word is as  
good as gold. I am off for the diggings.

The townsite contest can go to—  
I'll find my money with a pick and pan.

Knappen's dispatch is worth a thousand  
dollars to me. I feel that much  
better off, no matter if it does prove  
false.

Such were the exclamations heard on  
every hand when, on Monday morning,  
the TRIBUNE published an extra, giving  
news from the expedition. The greatest  
excitement prevailed. Men who for  
weeks had been despondent because of  
the grasshoppers, the drouth, the town-  
site trouble, and the universal dullness,  
brightened up and were themselves  
again, and a better feeling prevails in  
town than has been felt since the panic  
last fall, when the bottom fell out of every-  
thing that had Northern Pacific in it.

Why? Because Bismarck is the nearest  
railroad station to this new Eldorado.  
This is the nearest point for outfitting,  
the nearest point for supplies. Parties  
going to and returning from the  
Black Hills will pass this way, and every-  
one of them will contribute to our  
wealth. Bismarck will be a Cheyenne or  
Denver repeated, and will contain  
within the next three years from five to  
ten thousand inhabitants. Many fortunes  
will be made and lost, and Bismarck  
will be the town which will gather  
the gold.

No wonder Bismarck people were happy.

Then, too, we have our full share  
of floating population, who have been  
waiting for something to turn up. This  
gives them an outlet—something to  
hope for, something to do.

We hope by next week to receive full  
advices by mail, when the glorious news  
will certainly be confirmed, and details  
probably given.

### LOCAL POLITICS.

The election comes off in October.  
Besides the delegate and territorial  
officers, a sheriff is to be elected in this  
county, and in this Legislative district  
three members of the Legislature—two  
of the Assembly and one of the Council.

The Sheriff is elected to fill a vacancy  
and will hold office one year qualifying  
immediately after election, if we are  
not mistaken; the members of the Leg-  
islature hold office for two years,  
though they have but forty days work  
to do, unless an extra session is called,  
commencing about the first of Decem-  
ber.

The following counties comprise this  
Legislative district, viz: Douglas,  
Charles, Mix, Buffalo, Hughes, Hyde,  
Sully, Hand, Ashmore, Faulk, Wal-  
worth, Edmunds, Campbell, McPherson,  
Burleigh, Sheridan, McHench, Stevens,  
Bottineau, Renville, Mountaine, Wal-  
lette, and parts of Williams and How-  
ard, the district extending from the  
Yankton reservation along the  
Missouri river to the British pos-  
sessions, over a thousand miles, Charles  
Mix is the senior county, and  
to that county the reports are made,  
and from that county the certificates  
of election are issued. The settlements  
are in Burleigh, Buffalo and Charles  
Mix counties, though that in Burleigh  
county is the largest. We understand  
that of the members of the Legis-  
lature the Southern part will be satisfied  
with one member of the assembly, con-  
ceding Burleigh county one member of  
each branch. This is fair and ought to  
be adopted. There is no one here who  
will care to enter into a long contest as  
Mr. Williams was forced to do two  
years ago to obtain his seat, when we  
can gain all that we can justly claim  
without a contest.

There is nothing in particular at  
stake in the coming legislative session,  
except the re-apportionment of our  
legislative districts, and the rearrange-  
ment of the judicial districts, giving  
Bismarck a term of the United States  
Court, and the Northern Pacific country  
a fair share in the Legislature, Bur-  
leigh county being the only county on  
the line now included in any legislative  
district.

The Statutes need codifying, with  
amendments in many particulars, but  
that is a matter in which all of Dakota  
is interested. It is doubtful if the  
changes in the legislative and judicial  
districts will be conceded, inasmuch as  
it will be presumed that the ter-  
ritory will be divided and that through  
that measure we shall get all we need,  
while a reappointment would disarrange  
matters in the Southern part of the  
territory, and they could not be rear-  
ranged until the next session of the  
Legislature two years hence.

We ought to send good men—men  
who will reflect credit upon our  
village. It matters little to what party  
they belong.

There is no money in the position—the  
salary being but \$3.00 per day for forty days, and the honor  
is too thin to estimate.

The columns of the TRIBUNE are open  
for announcements of candidates for  
positions under the head of "New Ad-  
vertisements" at 25 cents per line, and  
the miscellaneous columns to a state-  
ment of their positions, claims, &c.,  
under the head of "Communicated," at  
our regular advertising rates—one col-  
umn one time ten dollars; our job rooms  
are open for printing circulars, posters,  
tickets, &c., at commercial rates.

Solong as good men only aspire to  
the local positions, the TRIBUNE does  
not purpose taking a hand in the con-  
test—that is to say if two or more good  
men are aspirants for the same office, we  
do not believe it to be our duty, or good  
policy for us to favor one at the expense  
of the other,—in the end at our own ex-  
pense.

The TRIBUNE owes allegiance to no  
party, to no men or set of men—only  
to itself and the community in which  
it is published. In the congressional  
campaign it will support Kidder, and  
support him earnestly, not because he  
is the Republican nominee but because  
he can do Northern Dakota more good  
than any other man—because he is an  
honest man and an able man, having an  
extended acquaintance and extended  
experience, possessing the confidence  
and esteem of all who know him—unless  
it be a few temperance fanatics—and  
because he is harmony with the ad-  
ministration which is expected to con-  
cede Northern Dakota the favors asked.

### EIGHT FEET OF COAL.

Not satisfied as to the truth of the re-  
ports concerning the Knife River coal  
mines, the editor of the Bismarck TRIB-  
UNE accompanied a party on the sixth  
instant to visit them, and found coal,  
even better than represented, and more

The mines are situated in the north-  
west corner of Burleigh county, on the  
east bank of the Missouri, directly op-  
posite the Knife River, about fifty miles  
above Bismarck by land; by river eighty.

The vein is eight feet thick—rather  
seven feet ten inches, to be exact—and  
is covered with seven feet of shale, mak-  
ing a solid roof, rendering mining cheap  
and safe. The bluff in which the mines  
are situated are, perhaps, four hundred  
feet in height, the coal cropping out  
about fifty feet above the river. The  
drift extends through nearly eight feet  
of solid coal into the mine, at the pres-  
ent time, a distance of one hundred and  
seventy feet, the vein dipping in that  
distance, to the south and east, seven  
feet, the coal constantly growing better.

The drift is nearly half a mile from  
the landing—one of the best and most  
substantial landings the writer has seen  
on the Missouri. The bank is perhaps  
twenty feet high, the beach gravel, the  
water deep, and the landing permanent.  
The grade to reach the landing is direct  
and an easy one, and can be made and  
the track put down for about \$3,000,  
and when down and a coal house, cost-  
ing say two thousand more, built, the  
coal can be taken from the mines and

loaded on boats or barges at a cost of  
one dollar and fifty cents per ton. If  
the coal company can own their  
own transportation, one dollar and  
fifty cents per ton more will land the  
coal at Bismarck and load it on the cars

for shipment. To do this will require  
an investment for all purposes of twenty-  
five thousand dollars. Coal can then  
be supplied to the N. P. at three dollars  
and fifty cents per ton, allowing fifty  
cents for profit, and to settlers along  
the line at that price, with transportation  
added.

The coal is unquestionably as good as  
any bituminous coal in the country. It  
is far superior to the Iowa coal—the  
writer having used the latter two years  
believes he knows what he is talking  
about—is as good as the Pittsburgh coal  
for making steam, or for smelting pur-  
poses, and is as good as the Blosburgh  
or Liverpool for blacksmithing. It is  
wholly free from sulphur, from unpleas-  
ant smell, from clinkers, burns to a fine  
white ash, sparks flying from it as from  
wood, and cinders dropping also. It is  
not so heavy as anthracite coal, but it  
glistens like it when broken, and a fire  
made of it will last about as long and is  
as satisfactory.

The bank in which the coal is situated  
is nearly one mile long; on either side it  
has been carried away to a point below  
the vein by the action of the water, car-  
rying with it the bed, though it is pos-  
sible coal may be found some distance  
back from the river at other points,  
cropping out under the drift, but from  
appearances the present coal company  
have taken up all of the available coal  
land in that vicinity, comprising a tract  
one mile long and half a mile wide.

The whole country contains more or  
less coal. Directly opposite Bismarck a  
vein three feet deep is now being work-  
ed with fair success, and inexhaustible  
quantities are found on the line of the  
N. P., a few miles west, but the Knife  
River mines seem to promise the most  
satisfactory results until the road is ex-  
tended west and the Missouri is bridged.

### Gov. Davis Again.

The St. Cloud Journal objects to our  
Gov. Davis article, which it alleges was  
intended to cripple him in the senatorial  
contest, in the interest of Senator  
Ramsey. It matters not what our  
motives were, they were undoubtedly  
as pure as those of the Journal when it  
denounced the TRIBUNE in the interest  
of its favorite candidate. It is true the  
TRIBUNE is published way beyond the  
confines of Dakota, but the TRIBUNE  
editor retains a lively interest in Min-  
nesota politics, and believes himself to be  
about as well posted as the ordinary Min-  
nesota editor. And he hazards the pre-  
diction that Governor Davis is not the  
coming man for the U. S. Senate—not  
even the strong candidate against Sen-  
ator Ramsey, but Governor Austin instead.  
While we prefer Senator Ramsey to Governor Austin for the  
Senate, for local reasons if for no other,  
Austin is one of the best men in the  
State—God never created a truer man  
to principal, and friends, or a man more  
disposed to do exact justice, no matter  
who is hit. Gov. Davis is a young man  
and brilliant, and no doubt has a  
magnificent future before him—unless  
he wrecks himself—but there are so  
many reasons why Ramsey or Austin  
should be preferred to him that we do  
not believe he will seriously contem-  
plate being a candidate preferring the  
election for Governor, followed by re-  
election to the lower house in Congress,  
and in time, if the people continue con-  
fidence with him, an election to the U. S.  
Senate. But his time is not yet.

### Peter Mantor.

The nomination of Hon. Peter Mantor, of Mantor-  
ville, as register of the land office at Bismarck, will  
please all the "old settlers" who are acquainted with  
his capacity to perform the duties, and his estimable  
personal qualities.—*St. Paul Pioneer.*

The appointment of Hon. Peter Mantor, of Mantor-  
ville, to fill vacancy in the Bismarck Land Office,  
will greatly gratify the numerous friends of that  
valuable pioneer, the founder of the thriving town  
which bears his name. Mr. Mantor is highly capable and  
worthy gentlemen, of unquestioned integrity, and his ap-  
pointment is one of those which all parties will con-  
sider as eminently fit to be made.—*St. Paul Press.*

Mr. Mantor is worthy of the high  
praise extended him by St. Paul papers,  
and it affords us great pleasure to con-  
gratulate the people on the appoint-  
ment of so good a man. With Col.  
Brown and Peter Mantor in the Land  
Office, exact justice will be done all  
parties.

The Omaha Herald says between the  
drouth and grasshoppers the corn crop  
of Nebraska is likely to fail this season.  
That is just what is the matter here.

Custer, all about the Black Hills, and  
the TRIBUNE one year for \$2.

From all accounts Dr. Burleigh is as  
lively as a cricket; he has Congressional  
fever, and has it bad. Various schemes  
have been devised for dividing the vote  
in order to help the doctor out. The  
latest scheme is to get some one to run  
in Northern Dakota with a view to di-  
viding the vote here, when the doctor  
will run independent below and thus  
hopes to step in. The scheme sounds  
very well, but it will not work. North-  
ern Dakota has too much at stake to be  
humbugged in any such manner—Bismarck  
has too much at stake, and our  
people know too well their interests.

Up to the time of the Gold Discov-  
eries of the Black Hills Expedition were  
made, the command had marched four  
hundred and sixty-five miles; but it  
must be remembered the expedition  
went out of its way seventy-five miles  
to reach Ludlow's Cave; that they  
marched all one day, and at night had  
made but two miles' advance, and that  
repeated divergences and counter-  
marches were made; that they had been  
in the Hills several days prospecting;  
that the road will certainly be material-  
ly shortened by succeeding expeditions.

The distance will certainly not ex-  
ceed two hundred and fifty miles, and  
Bismarck is by nearly one hundred  
miles the nearest railway station.

### The Prospects for Division.

From a conversation with Mr. Armstrong, we learn  
that the prospects for a division of the Territory are  
good next session, provided that a proper showing is  
made of the resources and wealth of the Northern  
part of the Territory.

At the last session of Congress, owing to the rapid  
settlement of this section and the organization of  
counties being delayed, no authorized statistics  
could be obtained. A special effort must be made  
this fall to procure and forward all necessary infor-  
mation to our friends in Congress. Had not the  
Women's Suffrage Amendment been tacked on the  
bill, last session, it would undoubtedly have passed.

*Fargo Express.*

Fourteen passenger coaches, loaded  
with Russian immigrants, passed over  
the N. P. west from Duluth, Thursday.

The enforcement of the Iowa railroad  
law adds six cents per bushel to the cost  
of shipment of wheat from points in Iowa  
to Chicago.

The Omaha Daily Herald again an-  
nounces that it has ceased to be a  
religious paper. Its readers had dis-  
covered the fact, for it is the wickedest  
paper in Nebraska.

The St. Cloud Journal is now enter-  
ing on its 17th year and is a marvel of  
excellence as a family newspaper. It  
deserves its new dress. Frank Daggett  
hopes it may live a thousand years; so  
hope all of us.

From the present outlook there will  
be trouble in the Republican Conven-  
tion in the third district—Averill's  
friends seem determined to carry it or  
"bust" it. Ramsey county entitled to  
12 delegates elects 25 and will demand  
admission for them and withdraw if it  
is refused.

Russell of the Brainerd Tribune has  
put a new head on that paper, and taken  
in P. P. Wall as a partner. Wall is as  
good a newspaper man as Russell is a  
fellow, and if their work is not appreci-  
iated it is because Brainerd people  
don't know when they have a good  
thing.

Donnelly's *Anti Monopolist* is wel-  
comed to our table. It is peculiarly  
Donnelly, who, personally, is one of the  
most agreeable of men. It abounds in  
long winded articles which one can't  
help but read because they are so like  
Donnelly, vigorous and pungent par-  
agraphs—thorns to those who set on 'em  
—and excellent miscellaneous matter.  
While the TRIBUNE sympathizes with  
the movement to bring about a better  
state of affairs in politics, it cannot  
approve Donnelly's way of reaching it—  
it savors too much of demagoguery,  
but the *Anti Monopolist* is readable as  
everything but a tariff speech, coming  
from Donnelly must be.

The St. Paul Dispatch—the Little Ly-  
ing Dispatch—the Saucy Little Dispatch,  
or whatever you wish to call it, is the  
most readable paper on our exchange  
list, but it isn't troubled a bit with prin-  
ciples. We Democrats and we Republicans  
in the same column, is one of its latest  
"drives" to attract attention. Long  
may it live!

A magnificent Chromo of Gen. Cus-  
ter, worth two dollars, given away to  
subscribers of the Bismarck TRIBUNE.

## NEWSDEPOT

JAS. TULLOCH, Prop.  
General Newsdealer, & Book Agent,  
BISMARCK, D. T.

Being in direct communication with the principal  
Eastern News Co's, I am prepared to fill all orders  
promptly, and at lowest possible rates. Newspapers  
and periodicals furnished regularly to subscribers at  
the Military Post.

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JOSIAH DELAMATER.

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DELMATER & FLANNERY,  
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1-42y1

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Will Practice in all the Courts of the Territory.  
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Fargo, D. T.

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Merchant Tailors

DEALERS IN

Ready Made  
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AND

### The Lord's Prayer.

We lay before our readers the Lord's Prayer beautifully paraphrased into an acrostic, by Thomas Sturtevant, Jr., a soldier in the 26th regiment United States Infantry, and a prisoner-of-war in the province of Upper Canada:

Our Lord and King, who reigns enthroned on high,  
Father of light! mysterious Deity!  
Who art the great I AM, the last, the first,  
Art righteous, holy, merciful, and just,  
In realms of glory, scenes where angels sing,  
Heaven is the dwelling place of God our King;  
Hallowed Thy name, which doth all names transcend,  
Be Thou adored, our great Almighty Friend;  
Thy glory shines beyond creation's space,  
Name'd in the book of justice and of grace.  
Thy kingdom towers beyond Thy starry skies;  
Kingdom of grace, but Thine shall rise.  
Come let Thy empire, O thou Holy one,  
My great and everlasting will be done!  
With God make known His will, His power display?  
Be the work of mortals to obey,  
Dose is the great, the wondrous work of love,  
On Calvary's cross He died, but reigns above;  
Earth bears the record in Thy holy word,  
As Heaven adores Thy love, let earth, O Lord;  
Hebines transcendental in th' eternal skies,  
Is praised in Heaven—for man the Saviour dies.  
In songs immortal angels laud His name,  
Heaven shouts for joy, and saints His love proclaim.  
Give us, O Lord, our food, nor cease to give  
Us that food on which our souls may live!  
This be our boon to day, and days to come,  
Day without end in our eternal home;  
Our needy souls supply from day to day,  
Daily assist and aid us when we pray.  
Bread though we do ask, yet, Lord, Thy blessings lend,  
And make us great when Thy gifts descend.  
Forgive our sins, which in destruction place  
Us the vile rebels of a rebel race;  
Our souls to save, even Adam's guilty race.  
Debtors to Thee in gratitude and love,  
And in that duty paid by saints above,  
Lead us from sin, and Thy mercy raise  
Us from the tempter and his hellish waves.  
Not in our own, yet in His name who bled,  
In Thine ear we pour our every need.  
Temptation's fatal charms help us to shun,  
But may we conquer through Thy conquering son!  
Deliver us from all which can annoy  
Us in this world, and may our souls destroy.  
From all calamities which men befall,  
Evil and death, O turn our feet aside:  
For we are mortal worms, and cleave to clay;  
Kindest to make our mortals to obey.  
I not Thy servant, Lord, forevermore.  
The whole creation knows no God but Thee.  
The King eternal reigns King of all.  
Power is with Thee—to Thee be glory given,  
And be Thy name adored by earth and Heaven,  
The praise of saints and angels is Thy own:  
Glory to Thee, the Everlasting One!  
Forever be Thy true name adored;  
Amen, Hosanna! blessed be the Lord!

### THEY SAY.

They say—ah! well, suppose they do!  
But can they prove the story true?  
Suspicion may arise from naught—  
But malice, envy, want of thought—  
Why count yourself among the "they"—  
Who whisper they are to say?

They say—but why the tale rehearse,  
And help to make the matter worse?  
No good can possibly accrue  
From telling what may be untrue;  
And is it not a nobler plan  
To speak of all the best you can?

They say—Well, if it should be so,  
Why need you tell the tale of woe?  
Will it the bitter wrongs redress,  
Or make one pang of sorrow less?  
Will it the erring ones restore,  
Henceforth to "go and sin no more?"

They say—oh! pause and look within!  
See how thin heart inclines to sin!  
Watch, less in dark temptation's hour  
Than, too, shouldst sink beneath its power!  
Pity the frail—weep o'er their fall—  
But speak of good, or not at all!

### Hotel "Bursted."

Tee Eureka (Nevada) Cupel tell the following story:

Last evening, when the glare of the kerosene lamps shining from the saloons was causing the awning posts in front to cast long shadows on the streets beyond, two men with care-worn faces and well worn clothes were conversing in somber tones in front of a hotel. These men had not met for many years, and time and misfortune had altered their fortunes from affluence to penury. They spoke of Idaho, the flush times of Idaho, and one said to the other: "Bill, when I knew you, you was dishing up an awful amount of hash at an enormous profit, and I thought that by this time you'd have retired from business and been a living on the interest of your money." "Well" replied the other, "I did handle considerable dust for a while, but it didn't last long; I got busted wide open in the middle of the deal, and didn't have many boarders left."

And then, in explanation of the cause thereof, he gave the following details of the bursting process. Said he: "They were a good lot of boys, and lively; too lively, may be, for they were terrible fond of funerals. First, you see, was Four-ace Alace, he shot Mr. Brown, the store-keeper, and that was one boarder gone; and then Bed Rock Jonney he harikaried Mr. Jones who kept the shoe shop, and there were two boarders gone; and next Jumpin' Jimmy, he let out Mr. Smith's light with a pick handle, and there were three boarders gone; and then the vigilantes got together and strung up the whole bilen of them, and that busted the hotel. The boys all owed bills, for it was spring, you see, and they didn't have no show to make a raise, and I never got a cent." He was silent for a moment after the recital, and then brightened up, he remarked: "Jim, let's take a drink."

The Savannah *News* treats the Beecher case with brevity. It says: "If this had been a Georgia affair Beecher's obituary would now be among the bound volumes of the *Morning News*."

Men are judged by the tone and drift of their minds. Henry Ward Beecher wrote the "Life of Christ." Theodore Tilton is the biographer of Victoria Woodhull.

In July, 1877, Miss Emma C. Horn and W. R. Scott, two very sentimental residents of Lawrence, Mass., resolved to take poison and die in each other's arms. Accordingly, both parties took poison, and Miss Horn died. Scott recovered, to be tried for producing and administering the poison, and was sentenced to six years' imprisonment, but on account of good behavior since his incarceration he has received a pardon from the Governor in Council. He seems to be a quiet and inoffensive man.

### The Telephone.

Mr. Elisha Gray, of Chicago, well known in the electric telegraph world, has succeeded, almost beyond his own anticipations, in perfecting an instrument which will convey sound by electricity over an unbroken current of extraordinary length without the aid of automatic repeaters. In the ordinary transmission of messages over telegraph wires to points at long distances, a message is generally repeated by automatic-working instruments about every 500 miles, in order to renew the current of electricity. Mr. Gray has transmitted sounds, which are distinctly audible at the receiving point, over an unbroken circuit of 2,400 miles. It is one of the greatest discoveries made since the early days of Morse. Such noted electricians as Mr. George Prescott say it goes to prove, that all electricians have long agreed upon, that we know little at present of the possibilities of the future of electric science. The writer has heard music played on a small melodeon, or piano key-board, transmitted through an unbroken circuit of 2,400 miles, and reproduced on a violin attached to the receiving end of the wire. Mr. Gray played "Hail Columbia," "The Star Spangled Banner," "God Save the Queen," "Yankee Doodle," and other well known airs, and they were unmistakably repeated, note for note, on the violin which lay on the table near at hand. Even an accidental false note was immediately detected on the violin.

The apparatus by means of which this feat is accomplished has been named by Mr. Gray the telephone, or, an instrument designed for the purpose of transmitting sound to a distance. It consists of three different parts: the transmitting instrument, the conducting wire, and the apparatus for receiving the sound at that distant point. The transmitting apparatus consists of a key-board having a number of electromagnets corresponding with the number of keys on the board, to which are attached vibrating tongues of reeds, tuned to a musical scale. Any one of these tongues can be separately set in motion by depressing the key corresponding to it. Thus a tune may be played by manipulating the keys in the same way as those of an ordinary piano or melodeon. The music, produced entirely by electricity, of these notes is so distinctly audible in the next room that, in spite of much talking there is no difficulty in determining what tune the manipulator is playing.

### Mistaken Identity.

A day or two since, several Comstockers, who were seated in one of our breweries sipping their lager, began in a boastful way to tell of the great men for whom they had been mistaken. One stated that while traveling on one occasion through the State of New York, a gentleman came into the cars and walking up to him slapped him familiarly on the shoulder, exclaiming, "Why Mr. Astor how do you do?" Another stated that upon getting off a steamer at Aspinwall, when on his way to California, a few years ago, a gentleman had rushed up to him, seized him by the hand and cried, "Comodore Vanderbilt, it gives me great pleasure to see you here, sir!" While those stories were being told, it was observed that a Dutchman seated near the party was growing quite uneasy. He listened very attentively to the conversation, hitching his chair gradually nearer the group of men of remarkable appearances and showing evident signs of anxiety to contribute his experience to that which had already been related. At last he saw an opening and thus told his story. "Well, yendlemen, dot reminden me of dot time ven I first gone to Cincinnadi dare. I vos coome to Cincinnadi dare no von dem schteapoots. Vell, I cooms dare to Cincinnadi, and ven der poat stop I valks down der blank to der leve mit mine garpet sacks in mine hand ond mine big meerschaum pipes in mine mout, ven ycost den von yendleman—he was a fine lookin' feller—he rush up to me, and mid astonishment tooked me by der hand ond cry out, Yesus Christ, how you was?"—*Virginia City (Nev.) Enterprise.*

Snag's boy came in yesterday with a dead hen, one of a few of a choice variety in which Snag takes all a poultry fancier's pride. "You low-headed little imp! What did you kill that hen for?" "The darned old thing was 'nes't-hiding!" blubbered the boy, and he was forgiven.

The woes of a Southern Republican (white) Congressman are expressed by Mr. Clinton L. Cobb, of North Carolina, a candidate for re-election, who says to his friends: "If I go for the civil rights bill, I am beaten; and if I don't go for it, I am beaten; and what the h—l am I to do?"

The editor of a Kentucky paper has discovered an old man who for many years past has carried about him, wherever he travels, the bones of his dead child, to whom he was passionately attached. They are contained in a neat casket, and he never allows them out of his sight.

Jones, whose wife's maiden name was Eliza, confided to his destined biographer the fact that he once, and but once after wedlock, indulged himself in an allusion to the devil as the "father of Eliza." Since that he has found it more conducive to mutual confidence to call people by their right names.

Elizabeth told Susan, "Theodore told Cady: Now, who in the deuce is Gaynor?" "Go it, Susan; we'll hold your bonnet. He sealed it with a kiss—a Judas kiss. Tilton is young in years, but an old sinner.—*etc.*" The following is a proposed constitutional amendment: "It will be forever unlawful for any man to part his name or hair in the middle, and no person who offends shall be eligible to any office of honor, trust or profit, race, color, sex, or previous condition to the contrary notwithstanding, nevertheless, however."

### Chinamen—Their Peculiar Ideas Regarding Death.

The Chinese are almost indifferent to the phenomenon of dissolution, and frequently compass their own end when life becomes wearisome. A wife sometimes elects to follow her husband on the starlit road of death; and parents will destroy their offspring in times of famine, rather than allow them to suffer. Still more remarkable is the custom of selling their lives in order that they may have the advantage of superior obsequies, which are considered to insure the body in safety for the future resurrection. A wealthy man condemned to death will arrange with his jailor to buy him a substitute, for a certain sum of money, to be spent upon the poor wretch's interment and the preservation of his body. Should he have parents, so much is usually paid to them in compensation for their son's life. Chinamen invariably help to support their parents, filial respect and devotion is the great Chinese virtue and religious precept, in which they rarely fail. Regarding death as inevitable, he makes the best of a bad bargain, and cunningly and comically gets paid for dying. The wholesale destruction of life in this country is greatly the result of indifference. Hence the massacre of Europeans, so terrible to us, seems to them a matter of little moment, and they cannot comprehend why we should make such a fuss about it. They regard our indignant protestation very much as we might treat our irate neighbor whose dog we had shot. "Well, well, be pacified; if it was such a favorite, I am sorry; but it's only a dog, and there are plenty more. How much do you want to be paid for it?" "You English think so much of a life," argues the Chinese; "haven't you plenty of people at home?" Death is awarded in China for the most trivial offences, and frequently for none at all, except being in somebody's way. A story was told to me as a fact that, during the visit of one of our royal princes, a theft was committed of a watch and chain belonging to a royal guest. The unfortunate attendant was caught with the property upon him, and without further ceremony, his head was chopped off. The mandarin in attendance immediately announced the news to the prince as a delicate attention, showing how devoted he was in his service. To his astonishment the prince expressed his great regret that the man's head had been taken off. "Your highness," cried the obsequious mandarin, bowing to the ground, "it shall immediately be put on again!" so little did he understand that the regret was for the life taken, and not the severed head. In times of insurrection or famine the mowing down of human life is like corn stalks at harvest time, appalling to European ideas. I must confess to a nervous shuddering when I stood upon the execution ground at Canton—a narrow lane or Potter's field—where many hundreds had been butchered per diem, during weeks together, the executioner requiring the aid of two smiths to sharpen his swords, for many of the wretched victims were not allowed to be destroyed by one fell swoop, but sentenced to be "shacked to pieces" by twenty to fifty blows. I was informed by a European who had traveled much and seen most of the frightful sides of life, that witnessing Chinese executions was more than his iron nerves could stand, and in some of the details which he was narrating I was obliged to beg him to desist. And yet he said there was nothing solemn about it, and the spectators looked on amused. It was the horrible and the grotesque combined.—*Temple Bar.*

### Exhaustion—A Sad Story.

A Leipzig letter tells a heart-rending story of the fate of a German student. Prizes of two hundred francs each were offered by a rich gentleman of Berlin for the best metaphysical essay, an equal sum each for the best essays on medieval history, astronomy, celestial mechanics, sociology, geology, poetry, and five hundred thalers each for the best romantic tale and the best poem, the prizes to be awarded by a committee selected from the various universities, and various designated *litterateurs* of eminence. A great audience assembled on the day of the award in Leipzig. The names of the authors of the various works had been sent in sealed envelopes, on which were inscribed the fictitious names signed to their production. The author of the metaphysical essay had chosen as his theme Kant's "Antinomien der reinen Vernunft" (Antinomies of pure reason,) and taken as his name for the occasion, "Hans Wildenstein." After passing a eulogium on the essay, Dr. Schmidt broke the seal, and found in the envelope the name of Max Markman, who was thereupon called up to receive the reward of his work. A pale, poorly clad, young man stepped forward, and was received with hearty applause. His hair was thin and grey although he was yet quite young, and his whole appearance was such as to at once awaken the sympathies of the audience. Prize after prize was announced and the same poor student gained every one. The prize for the tale was the last one announced, and as Markman stepped to receive it amid thunders of applause, his face suddenly became ashy in its whiteness, and he fell fainting on the stage. He lingered

for four hours, and the physicians who attended him announced that his death was caused by privation—in other words, by starvation. He had apparently eaten nothing for months, and poor, dejected, weary, yet glowing with the fire of genius, had worked for all the prizes offered—amounting in all to twenty-four hundred thalers; and then, hungry and weary, had dragged himself to the *Gewand-Haus* to win them all and die.

The *Daily Saratogian* expresses itself on the Scandal as follows: "Day by day, as the evidence comes out, a bit at a time, Tilton sinks deeper in the black mire of his own infamy. Beecher is coming out of the scandal with clean garments. Tilton, Woodhull and all the leprosy crew that have sworn to drag Beecher down, are but raising a pedestal on which the grand proportions of the great preacher's character will shine brighter and more glorious than ever before. The web of falsehood woven by Tilton will not stand. The best thing that Tilton can do is to get down on his knees and beg Mr. Beecher's and his own wife's pardon, and then flee the country." The above is correct. Haman erected a gallows on which to execute Mordecai and was hanged himself thereon.

A striking illustration of the way in which the world at day makes a fool of the world of yesterday appeared in the recent dedication of a monument to John Bunyan, presented to the city of Bedford by the Duke of Bedford. The dedication took place on two hundredth anniversary of the escape of the English tinker from Bedford jail. The Duke had been confined by order of the Anglican Church, one of whose most honored members, Dean Stanley, delivered the address at the dedication, while his wife uncovered the statue.

Through tickets to all important points for sale by CHAS. THOMPSON, Ticket Agent, Cor. Third and Jackson Sts., St. Paul.

### Proposals for Wood.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF DAKOTA,  
OFFICE CHIEF QUARTERMASTER,  
St. Paul, Minnesota, July 9th, 1874.

Sealed proposals, subject to the usual conditions, will be received at this Office, and also at the office of the Post Quartermaster at Fort Seward, D. T., until 12 o'clock M., August 27th, 1875, for furnishing and delivery at Fort Seward, D. T.,

400 Cords of Hard Wood, or

700 Cords of Soft Wood,

or such other quantity, more or less, as may be required for the wants of the post during the fiscal year, ending June 30th, 1874.

Bidders will state the kind of wood, (hard or soft) they propose to deliver, and the price per cord in each case.

Blank forms of proposals, and further information, if desired, can be obtained at this office or at Fort Seward.

BENJ. C. CARD,  
Chief Quartermaster.

2-3-84

CHARLES H. McCARTY,  
LIVERY, SALE

—AND—

### FEEDSTABLE

#### Cor. Third and Thayer Sts.

Buggies and Saddle horses for hire by the day or hour at reasonable rates.

Our buggies and harnesses are new and of the best manufacture and style and our stock good. Parties wishing teams for any distant point can be accommodated at fair rates.

Our Stable is large and airy and accommodations for Boarding stock the best in the country.

Stock sold on commission.

15

### OSTLAND'S Livery & Feed STABLE,

#### Cor. Fifth and Main Sts.

Buggies and Saddle Horses for hire by the day or hour at reasonable rates.

My Buggies and Harnesses are new and of the best manufacture and style, and our Stock good. Parties wishing teams for any distant point can be accommodated at fair rates.

My Stable is large and airy, and accommodations for Boarding stock the best in the country.

39-3m

### MINNESOTA DESK CO.

STONE, PARKER & CO., Propri's

MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.,

Manufacturers of

### SCHOOL DESKS

AND

### Furnishings, OFFICE & CHURCH FURNITURE

SEND FOR CIRCULAR.

### Satisfaction Guaranteed.

### JOE DIETRICH, JR., OMNIBUS LINE

BETWEEN

### FT. LINCOLN AND BISMARCK.

LEAVES BISMARCK:

7:30 a. m. 9 a. m. 1 p. m. 4 p. m. Daily.

LEAVES THE POINT OPPOSITE LINCOLN:

10 a. m. 12 m. 3 p. m. 6:30 p. m. Daily.

On Sundays the Omnibus will only make the 9 a. m. and 1 p. m. trips.

84 3m

### CAPITOL HOTEL, BISMARCK, - - D. T.,

Opposite the N. P. R. R. Depot.

This Hotel is new and kept in Good Style. Travellers will have every accommodation to insure their comfort.

### R. R. MARSH & CO., Proprietors.

## The Bismarck Tribune.

### BISMARCK AND VICINITY.

Bismarck, D. T., Aug. 12, 1874.

Services at the Presbyterian Church in the morning at half past 10 o'clock, in the evening at eight. Bible class and Sabbath School at half past two. Prayer meeting on Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. All are cordially invited.

Babbit metal may be had at the TRIBUNE office at 25 cents per pound.

W. W. Hartley, Brainerd, has brought home a blushing bride from Michigan.

Hams and bacon at McLean's.

O. Myers is happy since moving into his new shop. No better shoemaker in town than he.

Butter and eggs by the train to-night at McLean's.

The goods offered at the Government sale brought about all they were worth. Several outside bidders took a hand.

Corn meal and XXXX flour at McLean's.

Alex Starofsky seeks the acquaintance of our readers through an advertisement. He is now overrun with work but wants to be remembered. Able and industrious is he.

A fresh stock of Groceries at McLean's.

Eastern papers having specials with the Black Hills expedition, got their news first from the Bismarck TRIBUNE extra.

James H. Hallet, Brainerd, will ship blueberries to any point on the N. P. by express C. O. D. Orders left with J. A. McLean, Bismarck, will be promptly attended to. Blueberries constantly on hand at McLean's. 52tf

Will Caw's new house looks like solid comfort, and is so near town that the boys don't hesitate to go out and sleep with William.

Ties on the railroad track below town Monday evening, was probably the work of some boys. Better you don't do it again, boys.

Send your friends the TRIBUNE one year and receive a fine chromo lithograph of Custer, for \$2.

M. Horton & Co., will open a Tobacco & Cigar Store, in the building formerly occupied by Wolf on the 15th inst. They will keep on hand a full assortment of tobacco, cigars &c.—the choicest brands and at the lowest prices. Horton is well known in this vicinity, and deservedly popular.

The lay service at the Chapel Sunday was well attended. No service next Sunday, as Mr. Brown leaves to-morrow for Milwaukee. He will return at once.

The guests who enjoyed themselves at Charley Thompson's ten days ago, paid him back by a surprise party Saturday evening, which was a very enjoyable affair.

There are two hundred and seventy-five communicants of the Catholic church at Bismarck. Their new church building is a creditable structure.

Fresh Butter at Kauffman & Co. \*

The steamer Union is now run wholly with coal from the Lincoln mines. The mine is opposite Bismarck, directly under Fort Lincoln, the vein measuring three feet, the coal good. The mine is being worked successfully, and therefore Emmons and Wilson are happy.

Empty quart and pint flasks bought by Kauffman & Co.

One of Deitrich's omnibusses up set this morning; several persons were scratched—Capt. Braithwaite had an arm seriously injured.

Stimpson, by to-night's train, receives a quantity of apples, peaches and pears. He will keep all kinds of fruit hereafter.

New Potatos and Cabbage arrive by every train at Kauffman & Co's. \*

The Gopher Mirror correspondent ought to remember that his mother was a woman. The 'boys' are fair game, but at least one lady who has figured in Mirror reports is not. The allusions to her are indecent and outrageous.

The Articles of Association of the New Bismarck TRIBUNE Co. appear elsewhere. The corporation succeeds the partnership between Messrs. Lounsherry and Plumley, makes no change in the management, but gives additional capital. The TRIBUNE expects to live many years. Send in your subscriptions.

Every old miner in the land ought to have the TRIBUNE, and every soldier Custer. The TRIBUNE one year and Custer or two dollars.

### PERSONAL.

H. S. Parkins, Col. Wilson's popular chief clerk, returned Friday.

A. C. Leighton was looking around town Sunday, but has gone below.

A. C. Stites, St. Paul, wrote his name on the Bailey House Register Monday.

Jos. Leighton returns to Buford today, carrying the latest news from Custer.

Col. E. M. Brown, Receiver of the Bismarck Land Office, will arrive to-night.

Col. Huston, commandant at Fort Stevenson, went east Tuesday, on thirty days leave.

John A. McLean went east for goods Tuesday, with a pocket full of cash and TRIBUNE extras.

J. S. Winston took his Henry rifle and the last train for the east. He goes prospecting.

M. Horton will return Friday evening. Cary is now at Stevenson and is doing splendidly.

Col. Pound, the popular U. S. Attorney from Yankton, made a flying trip to Bismarck last week.

Geo. Helmsworth, of Painted Woods Lake, shook hands with numerous Bismarck friends Thursday.

H. G. Brown, the popular traveling agent of Benz & Becht, smiled on his Bismarck customers Saturday.

C. W. Rossiter, Master Mechanic of this division, smiled on his friends in Bismarck Monday. Snow fences, says he.

Major Sperry came in on the Far West Saturday, returning next day. Grasshoppers have worried the Major somewhat.

Hon. Chas. McCarty lost one of his finest mares in the trip to Stevenson with Gen. Hazen. She died of lung fever.

Major Smith, of the 1st Infantry, temporarily stationed at Fort Rice, was in town yesterday, and made many friends.

Father Sunrise, who has traveled all over the Yellowstone country alone, preached at the Catholic church Sunday to a large audience.

N. P. Clark, after flying around in his usual style for two weeks, left on Tuesday's train for St. Cloud. Clark wanted some hay, and he got it.

Major Dickey left on Tuesday for below, to be gone two weeks. The Major insists he is still a candidate for Congress. Independent, says he.

Mrs. Brownson left Monday on the Katy P. for Omaha. The Colonel is the worst choppal man in America since Mrs. B. left, but she won't be gone long.

Peter Johnston, of Standing Rock, called Monday, leaving several subscriptions for the TRIBUNE and much information concerning Standing Rock and vicinity.

J. W. Raymond has gone to Pittsburgh to see about the flood—but Mrs. R. and that charming little one are greater attractions. Six weeks absence for him.

Solon Armstrong, an excellent gentleman and Minneapolis lawyer, accompanied his brother to Bismarck last week, and enjoyed himself as all do who visit our village.

Major Bell, of the 7th Cavalry, who has been on detached service for several months, now stopping at Ft. Rice awaiting the return of his command, was in the city yesterday.

Benjamin Franklin, a Minnesota soldier who lost both hands and both feet, in a storm, near Fort Wadsworth a few years ago, has been interviewing our people with good success.

J. A. Lennon returned to Minneapolis Saturday, carrying immense spoils gathered at the Government sale. The cap trade was particularly gratifying; every little boy in Minneapolis who knows "Uncle Jim" will be wearing a forage cap or the TRIBUNE is mistaken.

Mr. Jacoby, of Rockford, Ill., brother of J. H. Jacoby, is visiting and prospecting at Bismarck. His opinion of the country and of Bismarck improves daily. He comes here to make investment in town property, and when title can be secured will do so. He is a lawyer of eminent ability, a man of courage, experience, and great energy of character. We are glad to welcome such men among us.

### New Advertisements

#### ALEX STAROFSKY, Harness Making

and dealer in  
COLLARS, SADDLES, WHIPS, CURRY COMBS,  
etc. Morton's Hall, Bismarck, D. T. Special attention  
to Custom Work and Repairs. 5w18

#### S. L. BECKETT, ATTORNEY AT LAW

OFFICE IN MORTON'S HALL,  
BISMARCK, D. T.

#### H. M. DAVIS, ATTORNEY AT LAW

MORTON'S HALL,  
BISMARCK, D. T.

5w18

### ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

#### OF THE

#### Bismarck Tribune Company.

The undersigned do hereby associate themselves for the purpose of becoming incorporated under the provisions of Chapter XV, of the Session Laws of 1867-68, of the Territory of Dakota, relating to Incorporations and of the acts amendatory thereof, and do adopt the following Articles of Incorporation, to wit:

#### ARTICLE ONE.

The name of this Corporation shall be the "BISMARCK TRIBUNE COMPANY."

#### ARTICLE TWO.

The principal place of business of said Corporation shall be Bismarck, in the county of Burleigh, Territory of Dakota.

#### ARTICLE THREE.

The general nature of the business of said Corporation to be transacted will be the printing and publishing of newspapers, books and pamphlets, also job printing, binding, and such other business as is usually carried on in newspaper and job printing offices, including binding and ruling.

#### ARTICLE FOUR.

The capital stock of said Corporation shall be Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000), which shall be divided into shares of Fifty Dollars (\$50) each. Sixty (60) per cent. of said stock may be issued upon the complete organization of said corporation, or within ninety days thereafter, as shall be determined by the Directors of said Corporation. The balance of the Capital Stock shall be issued at such time, and upon such terms as may be determined by a three-fourths vote of the stock-holders at a meeting called for the specific purpose, by notice published for three weeks successively next prior to the time of holding such meeting, in a newspaper of general circulation printed in the English language, and published at said town of Bismarck. *Provided however, That the capital stock of said corporation may be increased to Fifty Thousand (\$50,000) Dollars by a Three-fourths (3/4) vote of the Stockholders.*

#### ARTICLE FIVE.

The time of commencement of said Corporation shall be the fifteenth day of August, A. D., One Thousand eight hundred and seventy-four (1874) and the termination thereof shall be on the fifteenth day of August, One Thousand eight hundred and ninety four (1894). *Provided however, That the capital stock of said corporation may be increased to Fifty Thousand (\$50,000) Dollars by a Three-fourths (3/4) vote of the Stockholders.*

#### ARTICLE SIX.

The highest amount of indebtedness or liability to which said Corporation shall be subject at any time, shall not exceed one-third of the amount of capital stock, paid up.

#### ARTICLE SEVEN.

The affairs of the said corporation are to be conducted by a board of Five Directors, from which said board shall be elected a President, Secretary and Treasurer. *Provided however, That the said corporation may by its by-laws provide for the election of additional Directors, not to exceed Seven in all in said Board.*

Said Directors and Officers shall be elected annually on the first Monday in August.

#### ARTICLE EIGHT.

The names of the first Board of Directors are John H. Stevens, Clement A. Lounsherry, George W. Plumley, David Olmsted and Richard Chute, and the first Officers are as follows, to-wit:

John H. Stevens, President,  
Clement A. Lounsherry, Secretary,  
George W. Plumley, Treasurer.

#### ARTICLE NINE.

The names and place of residence of the persons forming this corporation are as follows, to-wit:

John H. Stevens, Minneapolis, Minnesota,  
Clement A. Lounsherry, Bismarck D. T.,  
George W. Plumley, Bismarck D. T.

#### ARTICLE TEN.

No Stockholder shall dispose of his Stock to outside parties until after it is first offered to all of the Stockholders.

In testimony whereof we have hereunto subscribed our names, and affixed our seals this third day of August, A. D., 1874.

JOHN H. STEVENS, [Seal]  
CLEMENT A. LOUNSHERRY, [Seal]  
GEORGE W. PLUMLEY, [Seal]

In presence of }  
Wm. Cannon, }  
Josiah Delameter, }  
Territory of Dakota, { SS.  
County of Burleigh, { SS.

On this third day of August, A. D., 1874, before the undersigned, personally appeared, John H. Stevens, Clement A. Lounsherry, George W. Plumley, to me personally known to be the identical persons described in, and who executed the foregoing instrument, and they each severally acknowledged that they executed the same freely, and for the uses and purposes therein expressed.

[Seal] JOSIAH DELAMETER, Notary Public, D. T.

Wm. Cannon, Notary Public, D. T.

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